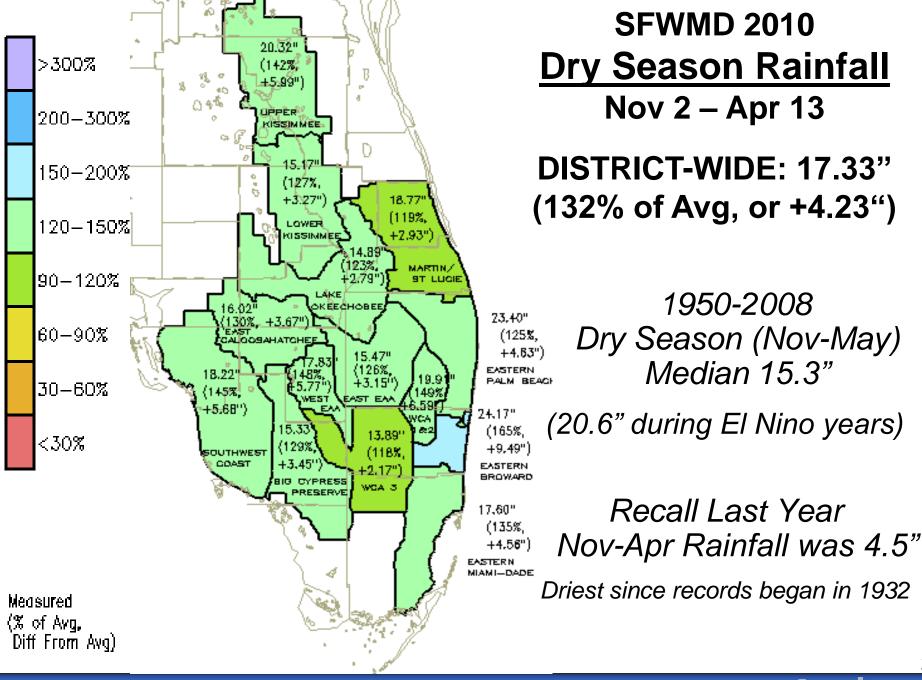
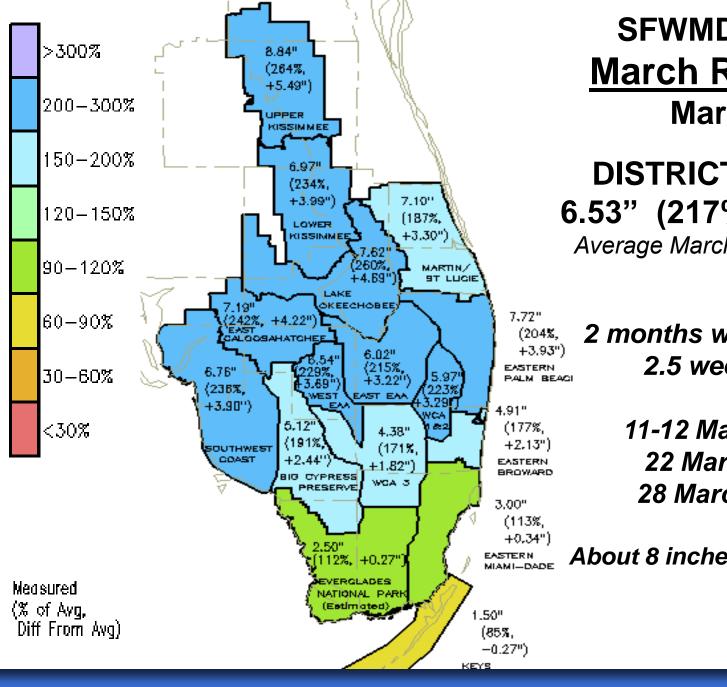


sfwmd.gov





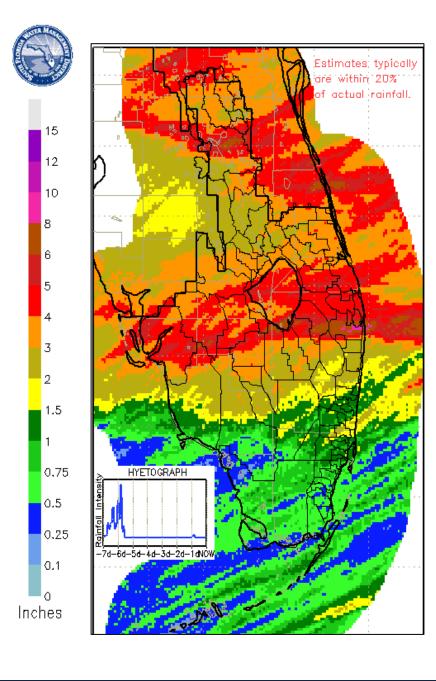
### **SFWMD 2010 March Rainfall** March

**DISTRICT-WIDE:** 6.53" (217%, +3.52") Average March Rain = 3.0"

2 months worth of rain in 2.5 week period

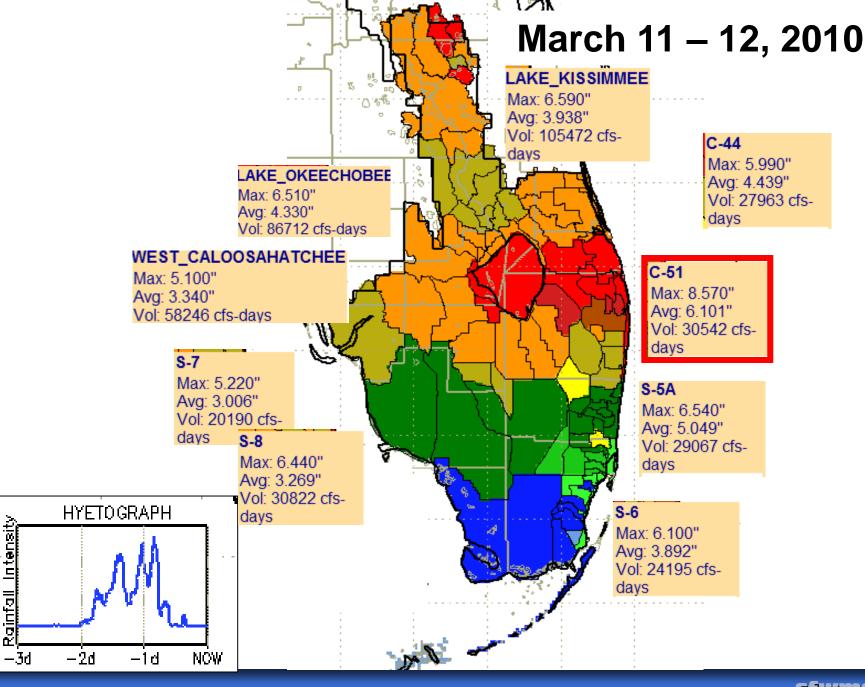
> 11-12 March: 3.08" 22 March: 0.50" 28 March: 1.59 "

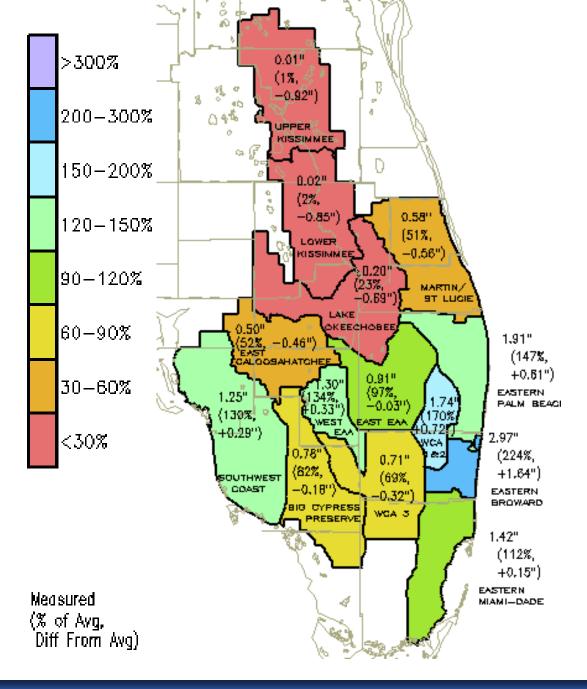
About 8 inches over Lake Oke



#### March 11 – 12, 2010

- The District averaged 3.08 inches of rain over March 11th and 12th.
- This was the wettest 48-hour rainfall total since Tropical Storm Fay in August 2008.
- Basin rains ranged from 1 inch to 5 inches with local rains to 9 inches.
- Only the extreme rain event of January 16, 1991 was a more wet 2 day dry season event going back through 1988.



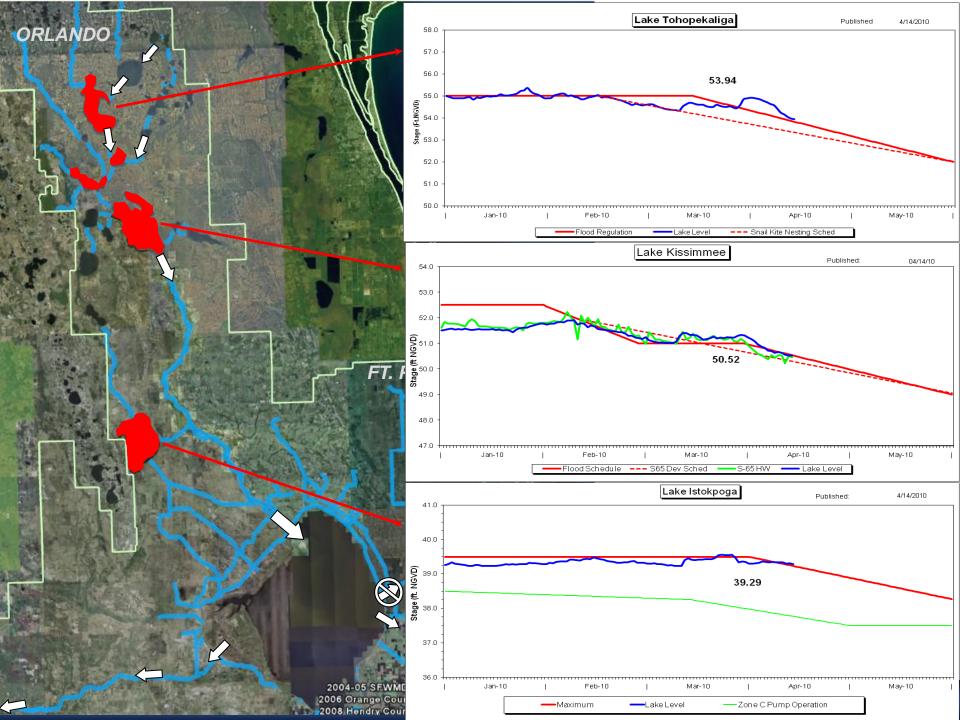


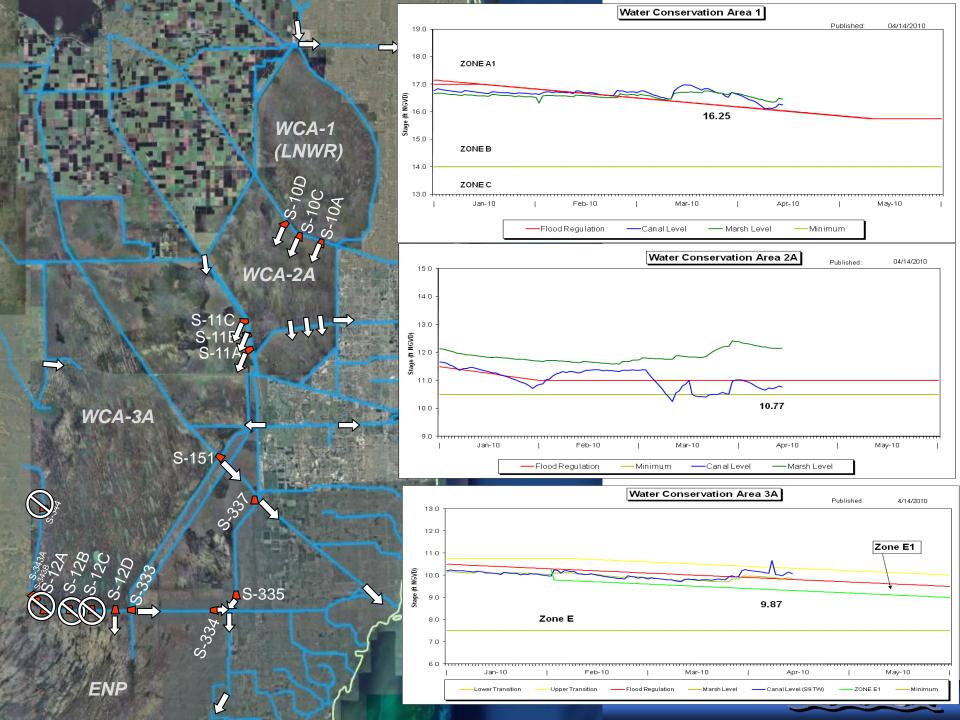
# SFWMD 2010 April Rainfall April 2 - 13

**DISTRICT-WIDE:** 0.80" (80%, - 0.20")

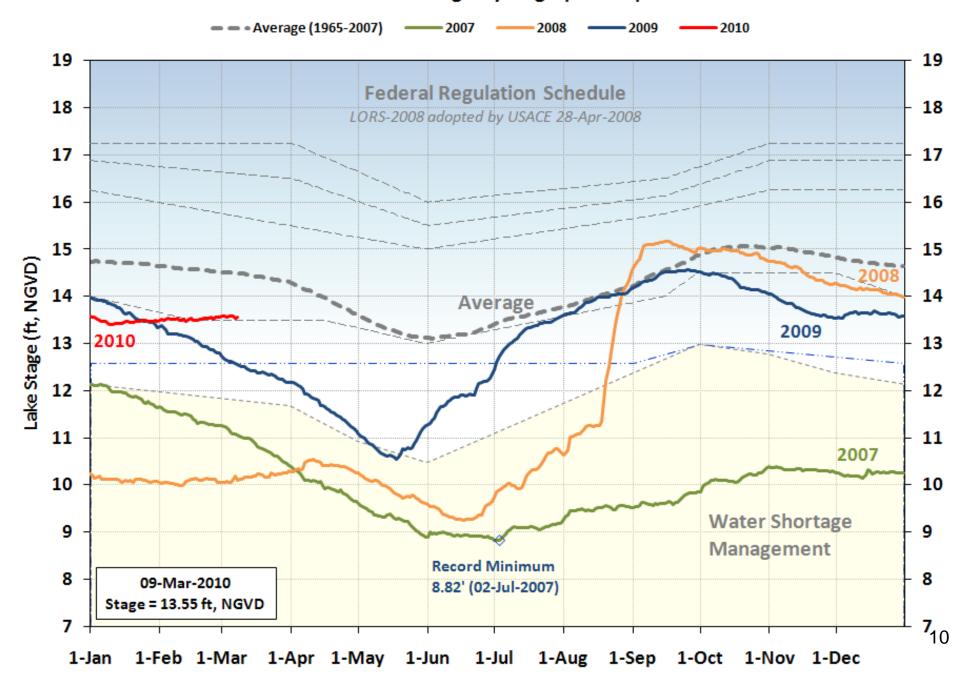
- All interior basins received less than average rainfall so far
- All coastal basin received above average rainfall so far as a result of the rain this past weekend



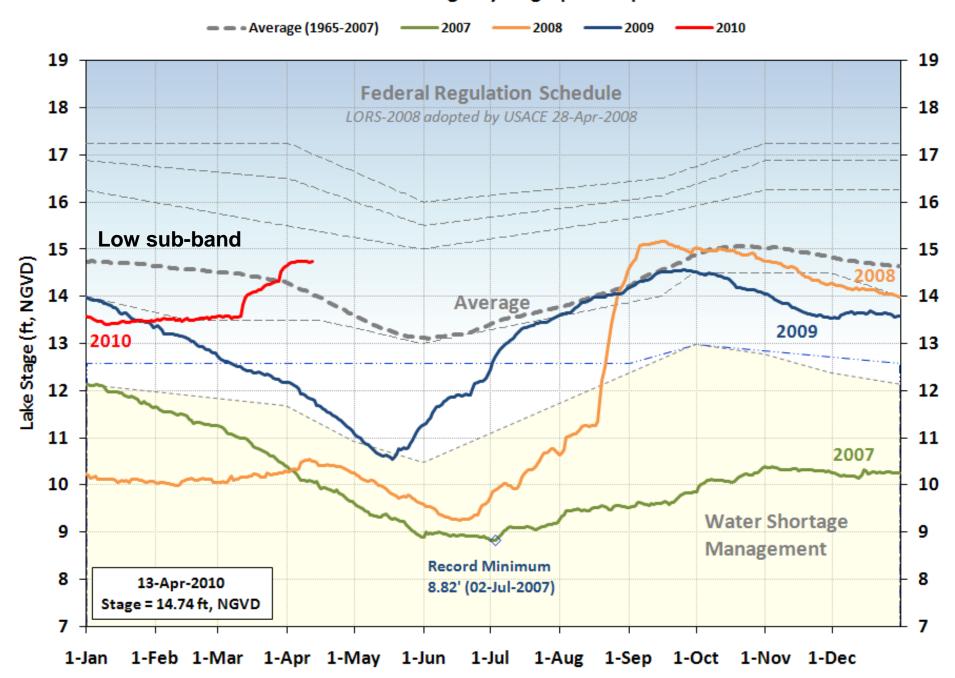




#### Lake Okeechobee Stage Hydrograph Comparison

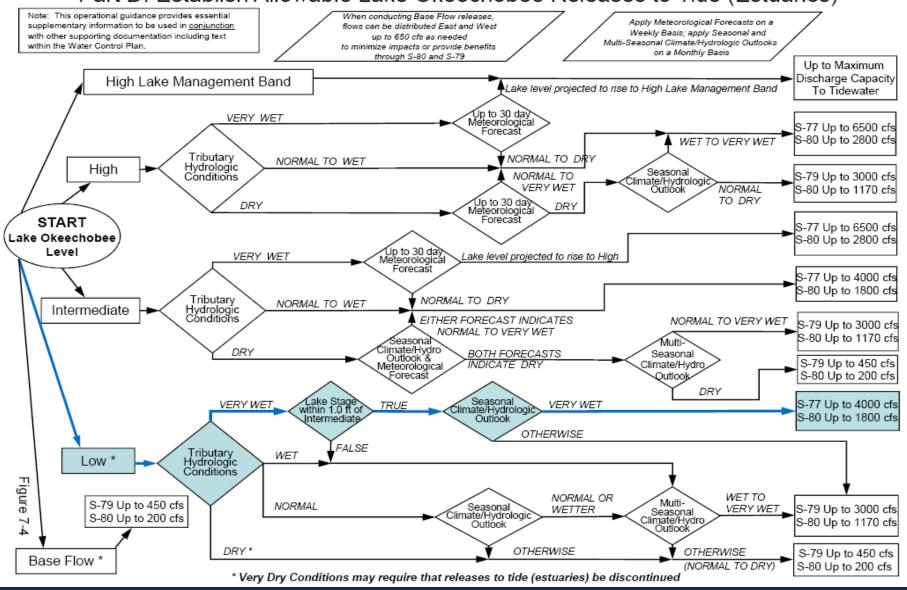


#### Lake Okeechobee Stage Hydrograph Comparison



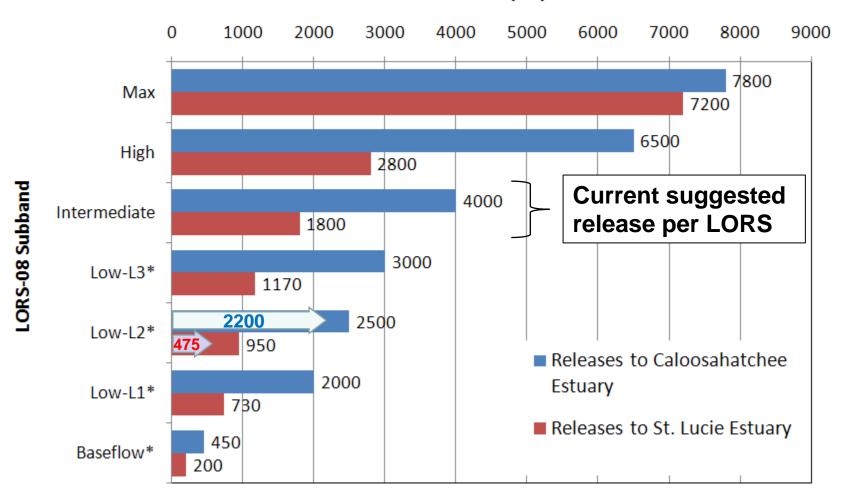
#### **2008 LORS**

#### Part D: Establish Allowable Lake Okeechobee Releases to Tide (Estuaries)



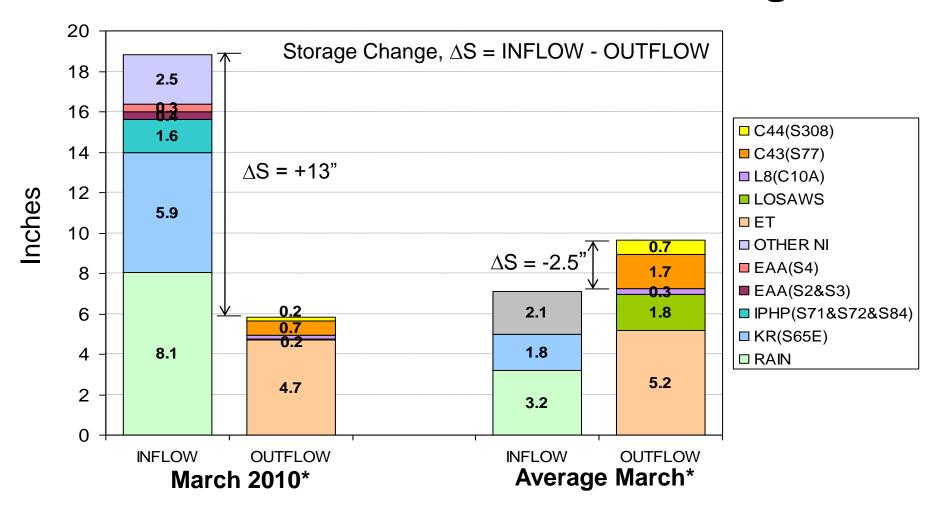
# Current Release Rates are Low compared to those required when Lake level is higher

Lake Okeechobee Regulation Schedule 2008
Release Rates (cfs)



<sup>\*</sup> Lake O Releases in the Baseflow & Low Subbands are limited by basin runoff

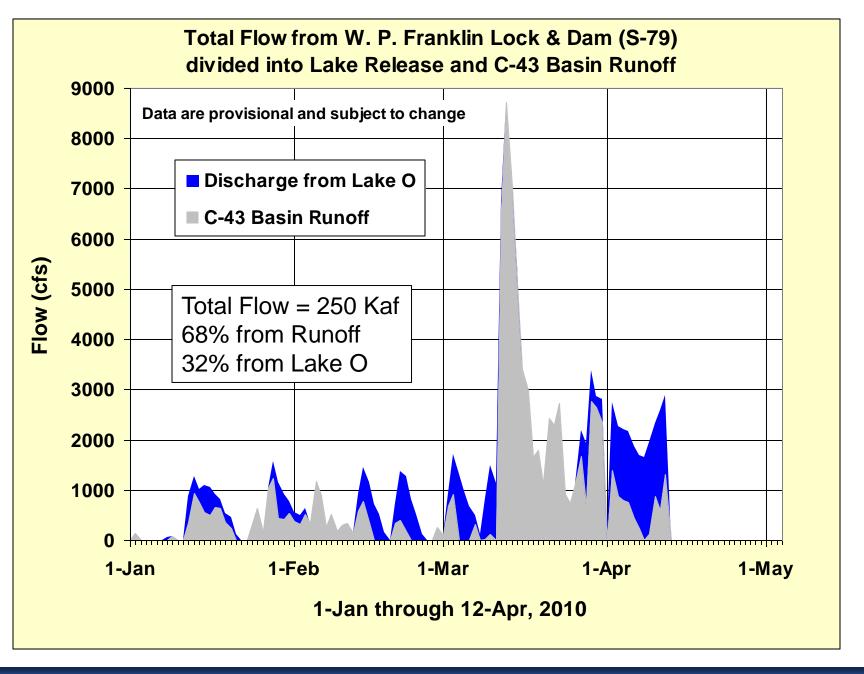
### Lake Okeechobee March Water Budget

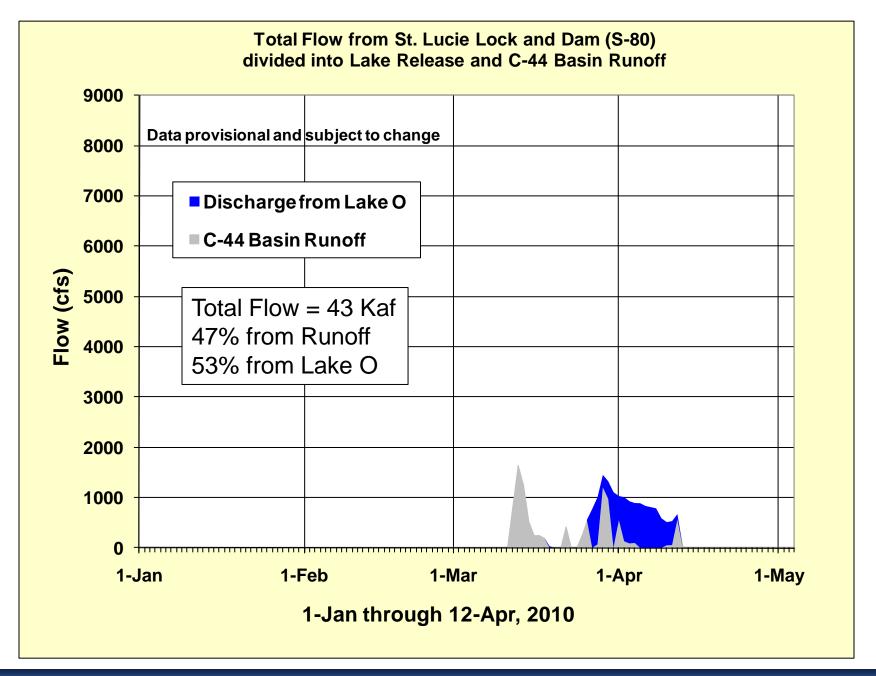


March 2010 compared with average

- inflows 260% of average
- outflows 60% of average
- stage increase was 13 inches, 15.5 inches above average

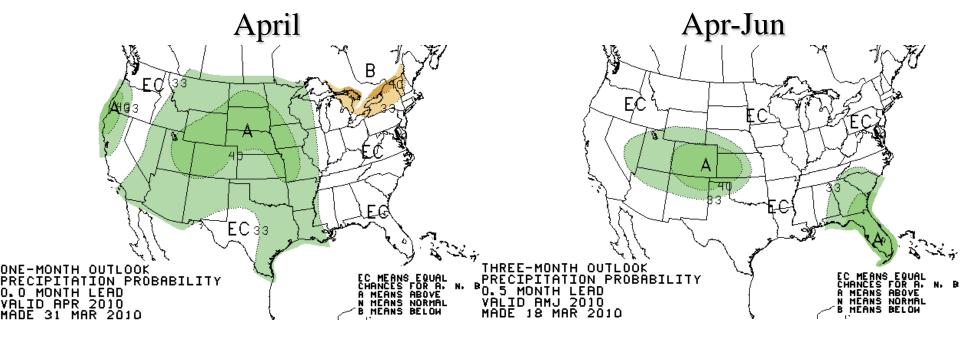
\*All data are provisional estimates





## **U. S. Seasonal Precipitation Outlook**

National Climate Prediction Center (CPC)



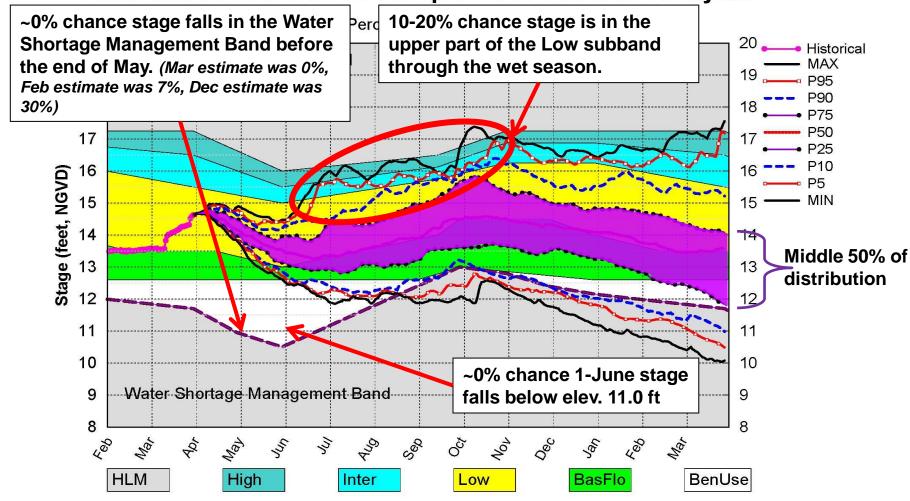
- El Nino conditions continue across the tropical Pacific. The most recent monthly sea surface temps in the equatorial Pacific range from 1-2 degrees C above normal across many areas in the equitorial central and eastern Pacific. El Nino conditions are expected to weaken, but still factor into the U.S. surface temperature and precip outlooks for the Apr-Jun period (info from CPC outlook 18-Mar-2009)
- The outlook for April shows equal chances of above-normal (A), normal (N), and below-normal (B) rainfall for central and south Florida.
- The outlook for Apr-May currently shows increased chances of above-normal (A) rainfall for central and south Florida.

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# Lake Okeechobee Stage Forecast

- Future Lake stage depends on future rainfall
- Projections provided monthly by SFWMD
  Hydrologic and Environmental Systems
  Modeling (HESM) Department
  Don Ketprakong, Paul Trimble, Danielle Morancy,
  Luis Cadavid, Jayantha Obeysekera
- Position Analysis
  - Each year starts with current hydrologic conditions
  - 41 1-yr simulations of system response to historical rainfall conditions
  - Statistical summaries used to display projections

#### Lake Okeechobee SFWMM April 2010 Position Analysis

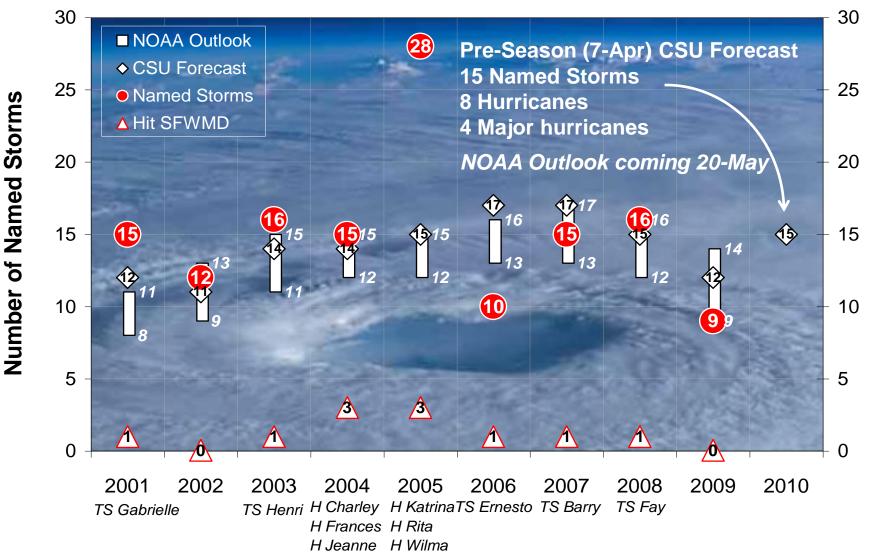


(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)

Thu Apr 8 15:34:47 2010

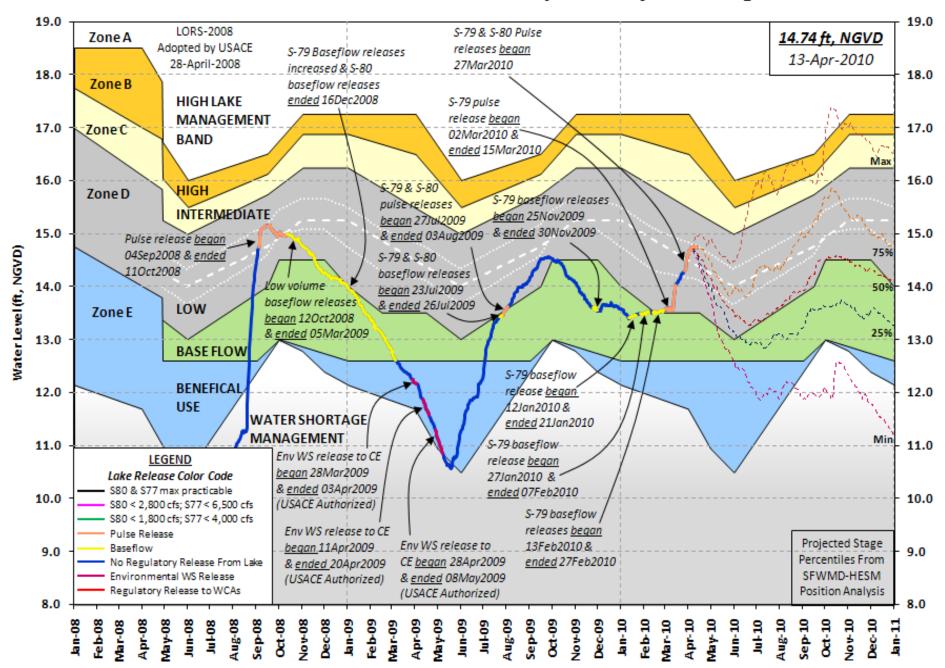
#### **Atlantic Hurricane Season**

#### Named Storms - Observed vs Pre-Season Outlooks



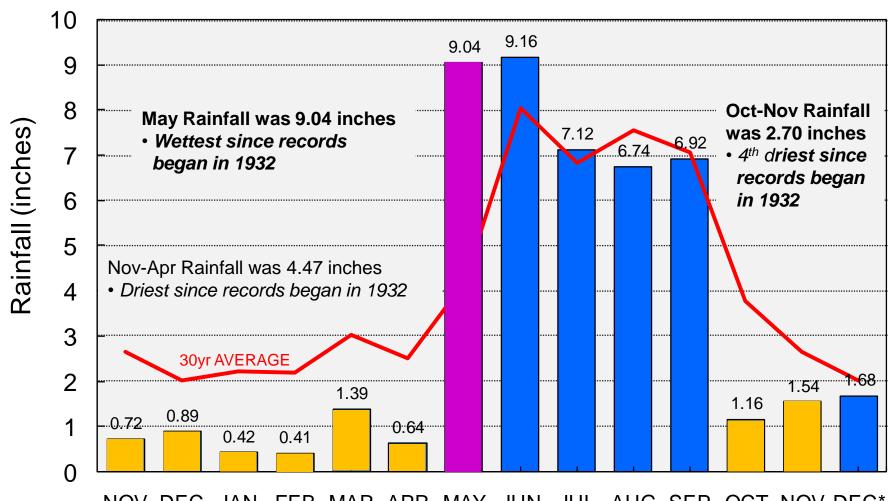


#### Lake Okeechobee Water Level History and Projected Stages



#### SFWMD MONTHLY RAINFALL

Nov 2008 - Dec 2009



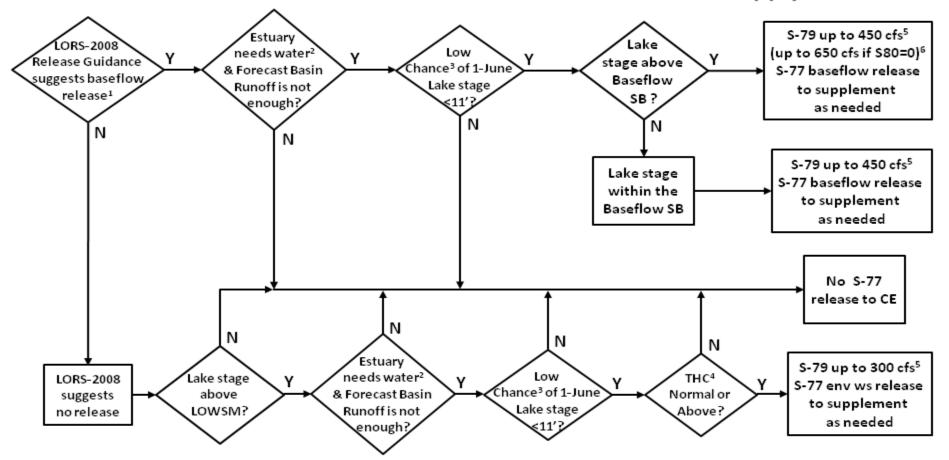
NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC\*

Source: SFWMD Weather Office

\* December total as of 7-Dec-2009

Proposed Draft 20-January-2010

#### Flowchart to Guide Recommendations for Lake Okeechobee Releases to the Caloosahatchee Estuary for LORS-2008 Baseflow & for Environmental Water Supply



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The LORS-2008 Release Guidance (Part D) can suggest baseflow releases in the Intermediate, Low, or Baseflow Subbands.

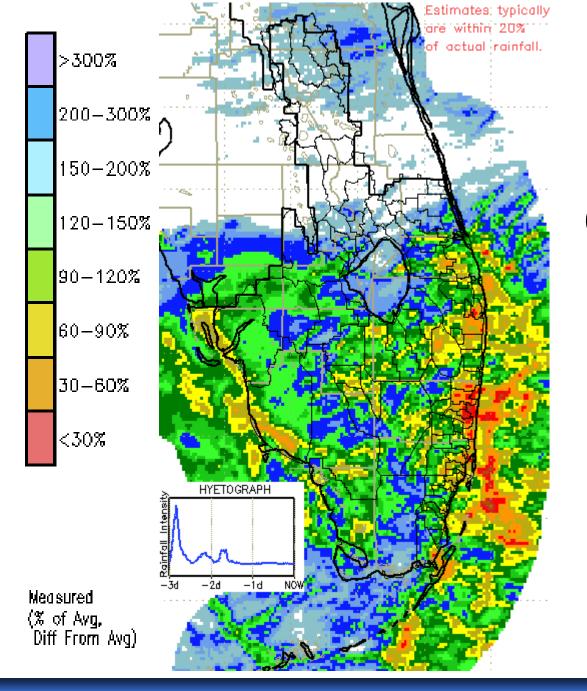
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For simulation testing, estuary "needs" water when 30d moving avg. salinity at I-75 bridge is projected to exceed 5psu within 2 weeks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>For simulation testing, "Low chance" is defined as less than a 30% chance that the 1-June Lake stage falls below elevation 11.0', NGVD.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>THC = Tributary Hydrologic Condition is based on classification of Lake O Net Inflow and Palmer Index.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Can release less than the "up to" limit if lower release is sufficient to reach or sustain desired estuary salinity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Based on confirmation that the St. Lucie Estuary does not need all or a portion of this baseflow



# SFWMD 2010 April Rainfall April 11 -12

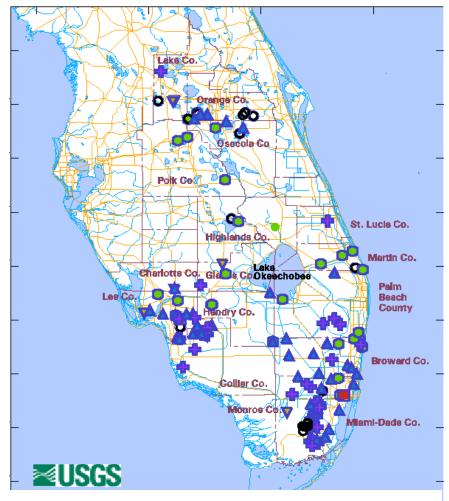
**DISTRICT-WIDE:** 0.80" (80%, - 0.20")

- All interior basins received less than average rainfall so far
- All coastal basin received above average rainfall so far as a result of the rain this past weekend

# **Groundwater Levels**& Water Supply Status

- Most groundwater well levels dropped during the past week but remain mostly either average or above-average for this time of year
  - Both Floridan and Surficial wells in the Kissimmee Basin are in general at the median levels or higher
  - Lower East Coast groundwater levels are generally above average along the coast and at average values further inland for the majority of wells.
  - Surficial aquifer wells in the Lower West Coast are generally at average levels expected for this time of year.
- All water supply risk indicators remain in the "low" risk category

Water levels at selected sites in South Florida, Based on PROVISIONAL DATA, as of March 9, 2010.

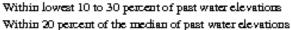


Water level compared to historical data, after long-term trends are removed:



Insufficient information available to compute water-level statistics. In lowest 10 percent of past water elevations.

Within lowest 10 to 30 percent of past water elevations.

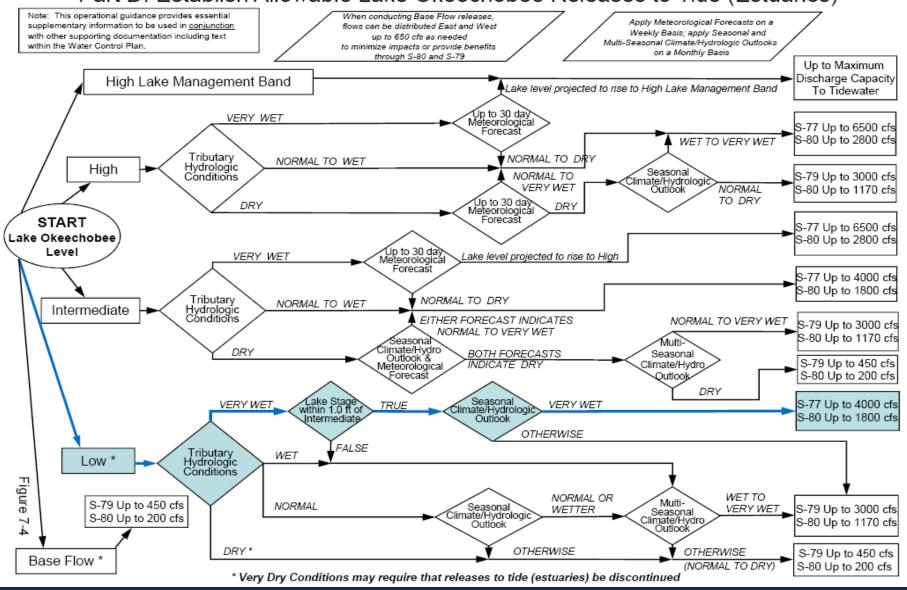


Within highest 10 to 30 percent of past water elevations In highest 10 percent of past water elevations



#### **2008 LORS**

#### Part D: Establish Allowable Lake Okeechobee Releases to Tide (Estuaries)



#### Lake Okeechobee Releases

- On March 2, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers initiated a 21-day release (3 x 7-day pulses) from Lake Okeechobee to the Caloosahatchee Estuary with an average daily flow of 800 cfs.
- Current stage is rising slowly within the low sub-band of the Lake O Regulation Schedule (LORS), & the release guidance calls for up-to 3000 cfs at S-79, up-to 1170 cfs at S-80, and no releases to the WCAs.
- Release mode is transitioning from holding to releasing
- Summary of District staff's recommendation to the USACE:
  - Current Lake ecological conditions do not require a more-aggressive lake stage recession if it would result in impacts to the estuaries.
  - Increase current pulse releases at S-79 to an average of 1200 cfs.
  - Initiate pulse releases to the St. Lucie Estuary at S-80 averaging 400 cfs.
  - Re-evaluate system conditions next week for potential modifications to pulse discharge volumes.

## Lake Okeechobee Stage Forecast Summary

- >50 chance Lake releases will be needed to manage Lake stages through April
  - >50% chance stage is in the base-flow subband or above through the end of April.
- Almost a zero chance of water restrictions in the Lake O Service Area this spring.
  - ~0% chance stage falls in the Water Shortage Management Band before the end of May. (Feb estimate was 7%, Dec estimate was 30%)
- Low risk of water shortage means some flexibility exists to send environmental water deliveries to the Caloosahatchee Estuary, if needed.
  - Very low chance (<5%) the 1-June stage will fall below 11.0 ft.</p>